

Package: coFAST (via r-universe)

May 30, 2026

Type Package

Title Spatially-Aware Cell Clustering Algorithm with Cluster Significant Assessment

Version 0.2.0

Date 2025-12-14

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Description A spatially-aware cell clustering algorithm is provided with cluster significance assessment. It comprises four key modules: spatially-aware cell-gene co-embedding, cell clustering, signature gene identification, and cluster significant assessment. More details can be referred to Peng Xie, et al. (2025) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2025.05.035](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2025.05.035)>.

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Depends R (>= 4.0.0),

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.10), furrr, future, ggplot2, irlba, DR.SC, PRECAST, ProFAST, Matrix, ade4, progress, pbapply, dplyr, Seurat, stats, utils

LazyData true

URL <https://github.com/feiyong/coFAST>

BugReports <https://github.com/feiyong/coFAST/issues>

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, scater, ggrepel, RANN, grDevices

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Config/pak/sysreqs libcairo2-dev cmake libfontconfig1-dev libfreetype6-dev libfribidi-dev libglpk-dev make libharfbuzz-dev libicu-dev libjpeg-dev libpng-dev libtiff-dev libuv1-dev libwebp-dev libxml2-dev libssl-dev python3 zlib1g-dev

Repository <https://feiyong.r-universe.dev>

Date/Publication 2025-12-14 02:36:58 UTC

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/feiyong/cofast>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 4232715b0935988dc9c8b2b26865c530fe34ac32

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AddAdj	<i>Calculate the adjacency matrix given a spatial coordinate matrix</i>
--------	---

Description

Calculate the adjacency matrix given a spatial coordinate matrix with 2-dimension or 3-dimension or more.

Usage

```
AddAdj(
  pos,
  type = "fixed_distance",
  platform = c("Others", "Visium", "ST"),
  neighbors = 6,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

pos	a matrix object, with columns representing the spatial coordinates that can be any diemson, i.e., 2, 3 and >3.
type	an optional string, specify which type of neighbors' definition. Here we provide two definition: one is "fixed_distance", the other is "fixed_number".
platform	a string, specify the platform of the provided data, default as "Others". There are more platforms to be chosen, including "Visuim", "ST" and "Others" ("Others" represents the other SRT platforms except for 'Visium' and 'ST') The platform helps to calculate the adjacency matrix by defining the neighborhoods when type="fixed_distance" is chosen.
neighbors	an optional postive integer, specify how many neighbors used in calculation, default as 6.
...	Other arguments passed to getAdj_auto .

Details

When the type = "fixed_distance", then the spots within the Euclidean distance cutoffs from one spot are regarded as the neighbors of this spot. When the type = "fixed_number", the K-nearest spots are regarded as the neighbors of each spot.

Value

return a sparse matrix, representing the adjacency matrix.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
data(CosMx_subset)
pos <- as.matrix(CosMx_subset@meta.data[,c("x", "y")])
Adj_sp <- AddAdj(pos)
```

AddCluster

Find clusters for SRT data

Description

Identify clusters of spots by a shared nearest neighbor (SNN) modularity optimization based on coFAST's embeddings.

Usage

```
AddCluster(
  seu,
  reduction = "cofast",
  cluster.name = "cofast.cluster",
  res = 0.8,
  K = NULL,
  res.start = 0.2,
  res.end = 2,
  step = 0.02
)
```

Arguments

seu	a Seurat object.
reduction	a optional string, dimensional reduction name, 'cofast' by default.
cluster.name	an optional string, specify the colname in meta.data for clusters, 'cofast.cluster' by default.
res	a positive real, specify the resolution parameter for Louvain clustering, default as 0.8.
K	a positive integer or NULL, specify the number of clusters, default as NULL that indicates not specify the number of clusters.
res.start	a positive real, when K is not NULL, starting value of resolution to be searched, default as 0.2.
res.end	a positive real, when K is not NULL, ending value of resolution to be searched, default as 2.
step	a positive real, when K is not NULL, step size of resolution to be searched, default as 0.02.

Details

None

Value

return a revised Seurat object with a new column in meta.data named cluster.name.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- AddCluster(pbmc3k_subset, reduction='ncfm')
head(pbmc3k_subset)
```

Addcoord2embed	<i>Add the spatial coordinates to the reduction slot</i>
----------------	--

Description

Calculate the adjacency matrix given a spatial coordinate matrix with 2-dimension or 3-dimension or more.

Usage

```
Addcoord2embed(seu, coord.name, assay = "RNA")
```

Arguments

seu	a SeuratObject with spatial coordinate information in the meta.data slot.
coord.name	a character vector, specify the names of spatial coordinates in the meta.data slot. For example, c("x", "y").
assay	a string, specify the assay.

Value

return a revised Seurat object with a slot 'Spatial' in the reductions slot.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
data(CosMx_subset)
library(Seurat)
Addcoord2embed(CosMx_subset, coord.name = c("x", "y"))
```

AggregationScore	<i>Calculate the aggregation score for specific clusters</i>
------------------	--

Description

Calculate the adjacency matrix given a spatial coordinate matrix with 2-dimension or 3-dimension or more.

Usage

```
AggregationScore(seu, reduction.name = "cofast", random.seed = 1)
```

Arguments

`seu` a SeuratObject with reductions not NULL.
`reduction.name` an character, specify the reduction name for calculating the aggregation score.
`random.seed` a positive integer, specify the random seed for reproducibility.

Value

return a data.frame with two columns: the first column is the number of spots in each category (cluster/cell type); the second column is the corresponding aggregation score.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(CosMx_subset)
CosMx_subset <- Addcoord2embed(CosMx_subset, coord.name = c("x", "y"))
Idents(CosMx_subset) <- 'cell_type'

dat.sp.score <- AggregationScore(CosMx_subset, reduction.name = 'Spatial')
print(dat.sp.score)
```

 coembed_plot

Coembedding dimensional reduction plot

Description

Graph output of a dimensional reduction technique on a 2D scatter plot where each point is a cell or feature and it's positioned based on the coembeddings determined by the reduction technique. By default, cells and their signature features are colored by their identity class (can be changed with the `group.by` parameter).

Usage

```
coembed_plot(
  seu,
  reduction,
  gene_txtdata = NULL,
  cell_label = NULL,
  xy_name = reduction,
  dims = c(1, 2),
  cols = NULL,
  shape_cg = c(1, 5),
  pt_size = 1,
  pt_text_size = 5,
  base_size = 16,
  base_family = "serif",
  legend.point.size = 5,
  legend.key.size = 1.5,
  alpha = 0.3
)
```

Arguments

<code>seu</code>	a Seurat object with coembedding in the reductions slot with component name <code>reduction</code> .
<code>reduction</code>	a string, specify the reduction component that denotes coembedding.
<code>gene_txtdata</code>	a data.frame object with columns including 'gene' and 'label', specify the cell type/spatial domain and signature genes. Default as NULL, all features will be used in coembeddings.
<code>cell_label</code>	an optional character in columns of metadata, specify the group of cells/spots. Default as NULL, use <code>idents</code> as the group.
<code>xy_name</code>	an optional character, specify the names of x and y-axis, default as the same as <code>reduction</code> .
<code>dims</code>	a positive integer vector with length 2, specify the two components for visualization.
<code>cols</code>	an optional string vector, specify the colors for cell group in visualization.

shape_cg	a positive integers with length 2, specify the shapes of cell/spot and feature in plot.
pt_size	an optional integer, specify the point size, default as 1.
pt_text_size	an optional integer, specify the point size of text, default as 5.
base_size	an optional integer, specify the basic size.
base_family	an optional character, specify the font.
legend.point.size	an optional integer, specify the point size of legend.
legend.key.size	an optional integer, specify the size of legend key.
alpha	an optional positive real, range from 0 to 1, specify the transparency of points.

Details

None

Value

return a ggplot object

References

None

See Also

[coembedding_umap](#)

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(pbmc3k_subset)
data(top5_signatures)
coembed_plot(pbmc3k_subset, reduction = "UMAPsig",
  gene_txtdata = top5_signatures, pt_text_size = 3, alpha=0.3)
```

coembedding_umap

Calculate UMAP projections for coembedding of cells and features

Description

Calculate UMAP projections for coembedding of cells and features

Usage

```
coembedding_umap(  
  seu,  
  reduction,  
  reduction.name,  
  gene.set = NULL,  
  slot = "data",  
  assay = "RNA",  
  seed = 1  
)
```

Arguments

seu	a Seurat object with coembedding in the reductions slot with component name reduction.
reduction	a string, specify the reduction component that denotes coembedding.
reduction.name	a string, specify the reduction name for the obtained UMAP projection.
gene.set	a string vector, specify the features (genes) in calculating the UMAP projection, default as all features.
slot	an optional string, specify the slot in the assay, default as 'data'.
assay	an optional string, specify the assay name in the Seurat object when adding the UMAP projection.
seed	an optional integer, specify the random seed for reproducibility.

Details

None

Value

return a revised Seurat object by adding a new reduction component named 'reduction.name'.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
library(Seurat)  
data(pbmc3k_subset)  
data(top5_signatures)  
  
pbmc3k_subset <- coembedding_umap(  
  pbmc3k_subset, reduction = "ncfm", reduction.name = "UMAPsig",
```

```

    gene.set = top5_signatures$gene
  )

```

coFAST

Cell-feature coembedding for SRT data

Description

Run cell-feature coembedding for SRT data based on FAST model.

Usage

```

coFAST(
  object,
  Adj_sp,
  assay = NULL,
  slot = "data",
  nfeatures = 2000,
  q = 10,
  reduction.name = "cofast",
  var.features = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

object	a Seurat object.
Adj_sp	a sparse matrix, specify the adjacency matrix among spots.
assay	an optional string, the name of assay used.
slot	an optional string, the name of slot used.
nfeatures	an optional positive integer, the number of features to select as top variable features. Default is 2000.
q	an optional positive integer, specify the dimension of low dimensional embeddings to compute and store. Default is 10.
reduction.name	an optional string, dimensional reduction name, 'cofast' by default.
var.features	an optional string vector, specify the variable features, used to calculate cell embedding.
...	Other argument passed to the FAST_run .

Value

return a revised Seurat object with a new reduction slot reduction.name obtained by coFAST co-embedding, where default reduction.name is 'cofast'.

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(CosMx_subset)
pos <- as.matrix(CosMx_subset@meta.data[,c("x", "y")])
Adj_sp <- AddAdj(pos)
# Here, we set maxIter = 3 for cofast computation and demonstration.
CosMx_subset <- coFAST(CosMx_subset, Adj_sp = Adj_sp, maxIter=3)
```

CosMx_subset

A CosMix spatial transcriptomics data

Description

This is a toy CosMix spatial transcriptomics data.

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(CosMx_subset)
head(CosMx_subset)
```

diagnostic.cor.eigs

Determine the dimension of low dimensional embedding

Description

This function estimate the dimension of low dimensional embedding for a given cell by gene expression matrix. For more details, see Franklin et al. (1995) and Crawford et al. (2010).

Usage

```
diagnostic.cor.eigs(object, ...)
```

```
## Default S3 method:
diagnostic.cor.eigs(
  object,
  q_max = 50,
  plot = TRUE,
  n.sims = 10,
  parallel = TRUE,
  ncores = 10,
  seed = 1,
  ...
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
diagnostic.cor.eigs(
  object,
  assay = NULL,
  slot = "data",
  nfeatures = 2000,
  q_max = 50,
  seed = 1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat or matrix object
...	Other arguments passed to <code>diagnostic.cor.eigs.default</code> .
q_max	the upper bound of low dimensional embedding. Default is 50.
plot	a indicator of whether plot eigen values.
n.sims	number of simlatoon times. Default is 10.
parallel	a indicator of whether use parallel analysis.
ncores	the number of cores used in parallel analysis. Default is 10.
seed	a postive integer, specify the random seed for reproducibility
assay	an optional string, specify the name of assay in the Seurat object to be used.
slot	an optional string, specify the name of slot.
nfeatures	an optional integer, specify the number of features to select as top variable features. Default is 2000.

Value

A data.frame with attribute 'q_est' and 'plot', which is the estimated dimension of low dimensional embedding. In addition, this data.frame containing the following components:

- q - The index of eigen values.
- eig_value - The eigen values on observed data.
- eig_sim - The mean value of eigen values of n.sims simulated data.
- q_est - The selected dimension in `attr(obj, 'q_est')`.
- plot - The plot saved in `attr(obj, 'plot')`.

References

1. Franklin, S. B., Gibson, D. J., Robertson, P. A., Pohlmann, J. T., & Fralish, J. S. (1995). Parallel analysis: a method for determining significant principal components. *Journal of Vegetation Science*, 6(1), 99-106.
2. Crawford, A. V., Green, S. B., Levy, R., Lo, W. J., Scott, L., Svetina, D., & Thompson, M. S. (2010). Evaluation of parallel analysis methods for determining the number of factors. *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, 70(6), 885-901.

Examples

```
n <- 100
p <- 50
d <- 15
object <- matrix(rnorm(n*d), n, d) %% matrix(rnorm(d*p), d, p)
diagnostic.cor.eigs(object, n.sims=2)
```

```
find.signature.genes Find the signature genes for each group of cell/spots
```

Description

Find the signature genes for each group of cell/spots based on coembedding distance and expression ratio.

Usage

```
find.signature.genes(
  seu,
  distce.assay = "distce",
  ident = NULL,
  expr.prop.cutoff = 0.1,
  assay = NULL,
  genes.use = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>seu</code>	a Seurat object with coembedding in the reductions slot with component name reduction.
<code>distce.assay</code>	an optional character, specify the assay name that contains distance matrix between cells/spots and features, default as 'distce' (distance of coembeddings).
<code>ident</code>	an optional character in columns of metadata, specify the group of cells/spots. Default as NULL, use Idents as the group.
<code>expr.prop.cutoff</code>	an optional positive real ranging from 0 to 1, specify cutoff of expression proportion of features, default as 0.1.
<code>assay</code>	an optional character, specify the assay in seu, default as NULL, representing the default assay in seu.
<code>genes.use</code>	an optional string vector, specify genes as the signature candidates.

Details

In each data.frame object of the returned value, the row.names are gene names, and these genes are sorted by decreasing order of 'distance'. User can define the signature genes as top n genes in distance and that the 'expr.prop' larger than a cutoff. We set the cutoff as 0.1.

Value

return a list with each component a data.frame object having two columns: 'distance' and 'expr.prop'.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- pdistance(pbmc3k_subset, reduction='ncfm')
df_list_rna <- find.signature.genes(pbmc3k_subset)
```

get.top.signature.dat *Obtain the top signature genes and related information*

Description

Obtain the top signature genes and related information.

Usage

```
get.top.signature.dat(df.list, ntop = 5, expr.prop.cutoff = 0.1)
```

Arguments

df.list	a list that is obtained by the function find.signature.genes .
ntop	an optional positive integer, specify the how many top signature genes extracted, default as 5.
expr.prop.cutoff	an optional positive real ranging from 0 to 1, specify cutoff of expression proportion of features, default as 0.1.

Details

Using this function, we obtain the top signature genes and organize them into a data.frame. The 'row.names' are gene names. The colname 'distance' means the distance between gene (i.e., VPRED3) and cells with the specific cell type (i.e., B cell), which is calculated based on the co-embedding of genes and cells in the coembedding space. The distance is smaller, the association between gene and the cell type is stronger. The colname 'expr.prop' represents the expression proportion of the gene (i.e., VPRED3) within the cell type (i.e., B cell). The colname 'label' means the cell types and colname 'gene' denotes the gene name. By the data.frame object, we know 'VPRED3' is the one of the top signature gene of B cell.

Value

return a 'data.frame' object with four columns: 'distance', 'expr.prop', 'label' and 'gene'.

References

None

See Also

None

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- pdistance(pbmc3k_subset, reduction='ncfm')
df_list_rna <- find.signature.genes(pbmc3k_subset)
dat.sig <- get.top.signature.dat(df_list_rna, ntop=5)
head(dat.sig)
```

NCFM

Cell-feature coembedding for scRNA-seq data

Description

Cell-feature coembedding for scRNA-seq data based on FAST model.

Usage

```
NCFM(
  object,
  assay = NULL,
  slot = "data",
  nfeatures = 2000,
  q = 10,
  reduction.name = "ncfm",
  weighted = FALSE,
  var.features = NULL
)
```

Arguments

object	a Seurat object.
assay	an optional string, specify the name of assay in the Seurat object to be used, 'NULL' means default assay in seu.
slot	an optional string, specify the name of slot.

nfeatures	an optional integer, specify the number of features to select as top variable features. Default is 2000.
q	an optional positive integer, specify the dimension of low dimensional embeddings to compute and store. Default is 10.
reduction.name	an optional string, specify the dimensional reduction name, 'ncfm' by default.
weighted	an optional logical value, specify whether use weighted method.
var.features	an optional string vector, specify the variable features used to calculate cell embedding.

Value

return a revised Seurat object with a new reduction slot reduction.name obtained by NCFM co-embedding method, where reduction.name is default as 'ncfm'.

Examples

```
data(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- NCFM(pbmc3k_subset)
```

pbmc3k_subset	<i>A toy single-cell RNA-seq data</i>
---------------	---------------------------------------

Description

This a toy single-cell RNA-seq data, the subset of PBMC3K.

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(pbmc3k_subset)
head(pbmc3k_subset)
```

pdistance	<i>Calculate the cell-feature distance matrix</i>
-----------	---

Description

Calculate the cell-feature distance matrix based on coembeddings.

Usage

```
pdistance(object, reduction = "cofast", assay.name = "distce", eta = 1e-10)
```

Arguments

object	a Seurat object.
reduction	a optional string, dimensional reduction name, 'cofast' by default.
assay.name	a optional string, specify the new generated assay name, 'distce' by default.
eta	an optional positive real, a quantity to avoid numerical errors. 1e-10 by default.

Details

This function calculate the distance matrix between cells/spots and features, and then put the distance matrix in a new generated assay. This distance matrix will be used in the signature gene identification.

Value

return a revised Seurat object with a assay slot 'assay.name'.

Examples

```
data(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- NCFM(pbmc3k_subset)
pbmc3k_subset <- pdistance(pbmc3k_subset, "ncfm")
```

top5_signatures	<i>A dataframe including top five signature genes</i>
-----------------	---

Description

A dataframe including top five signature genes for each cell type of PBMC3k.

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
data(top5_signatures)
head(top5_signatures)
```

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